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Contacts



Malama Mwilwa, Senior Associate, Advisory malama.mwilwa@pwc.com



Moonga Hamukale Senior Manager moonga.hamukale@pwc.com

In an era where financial misconduct can have far-reaching consequences, the importance of proactive fraud control activities cannot be overstated. Fraud is a significant concern for organizations across various industries.

As businesses navigate increasingly complex landscapes defined by complicated financial transactions, technological advancements and increased regulatory oversight, the significance of maintaining organizational integrity has taken center stage.

What are Proactive measures?

Proactive fraud activities enable organizations to identify potentially fraudulent activities before they occur. They can lower their overall risk exposure by putting in place necessary controls and precautions in place to lessen risks by anticipating and addressing potential fraud risks.

By putting an emphasis on prevention, businesses can reduce the time, money, and potential losses brought on by fraud incidents, making their business more secure and resilient.

These differ from reactive fraud activities (such as forensic investigations) which involve responding to fraud incidents after they have happened. Understanding the scope of a fraud incident and taking the proper steps to recover losses are some of the main goals of reactive activities.

Reactive measures still have advantages despite frequently requiring more time and resources than proactive ones which include:

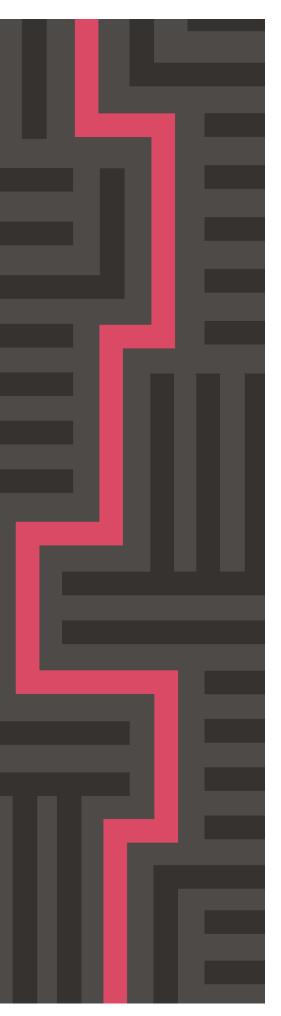
- 1. Giving businesses important information about flaws in their procedures, systems and internal controls. This allows them to make improvements to their fraud prevention and detection strategy by analyzing the causes and effects of fraud incidents.
- 2. Organizations can enhance their fraud risk assessment and response capabilities by understanding how fraudsters operate and think.

Common proactive activities.

Identifying potential fraud risks and putting policies in place to prevent, detect, and mitigate fraudulent activity are all parts of proactive activities. The following are some typical techniques:

- Undertaking Background Checks during onboarding and routine checks on an ongoing basis to identify common ownership or affiliation of companies and other red flags.
- Conducting Fraud Risk Assessments to assess areas of risk and potential fraud schemes against existing operating environments and internal controls. This assessment can assist in prioritizing fraud risks with the greatest financial impact and develop targeted strategies to mitigate those risks.





A fraud risk assessment involves the following:

- Mapping out key products, organizational channels/processes and geographies
 that the organization operates in so as to fully comprehend business operations
 and map out the universe of fraud risks that it is exposed to. This is supported
 with the interviewing of key personnel to gain insight into weaknesses in business
 procedures.
- Assessing the efficacy of existing internal controls (policies and procedures) and their suitability to the identified fraud schemes.
- Analyzing historical data such as financial records to spot trends and outliers that could highlight fraud-prone system and process flaws.
- Comparing Organizational controls and procedures to best practices in the industry with the aim of enhancing internal controls and corporate governance.

It is important to note that a fraud risk assessment should consider external risk factors such as industry regulations, changes in technology and other factors that may give rise to new vulnerabilities.

The goal is to identify and prioritize potential fraud risks based on their likelihood and potential impact on the business. This is in addition to a cost-benefit analysis of the costs of implementing additional controls versus the potential loss associated with the fraud

To adapt to changing fraud risks and ensure ongoing effectiveness, the fraud risk assessment must be reviewed and updated on a regular basis.

- 3. Implementing Monitoring and Detection Systems that proactively identify potentially fraudulent activities. This system can include:
 - Implementing a combination of digital tools that are utilized for data cleansing, analytics and visualization, transaction monitoring, robotics and process automation.
 - Usage of anomaly detection algorithms and continuous monitoring of key financial and non-financial indicators for suspicious patterns or behaviors that may be an indication of fraud. These include issues such as revenue growth without a corresponding growth in cash flow and irregularities in credit customer balances or unusual access of customer accounts by non operational staff.
- 4. Providing Training and Education to employees and boards on fraud awareness, prevention, and reporting. Training programs should ensure that employees understand typical fraud tactics, warning signs, and the significance of reporting suspicious activity. A culture of fraud prevention can be developed within the organization through regular training sessions and awareness campaigns.

Organizations can successfully implement proactive fraud assessments and lower the risk of fraudulent activities by using these widely used techniques in addition to others, as may be suitable to the business circumstances.

It's crucial to keep in mind that fraud prevention is a continuous process that calls for constant observation, assessment, and development.



Some key benefits

It is advised that businesses make proactive activities a priority as part of their overall fraud risk management plan. The table below outlines some of the key benefits:

Benefit	Details
Early Detection and Mitigation of Fraud	Proactive forensic reviews actively look for deviations from accepted norms that may be indicative of fraud. This serves to address potential problems before they become serious and acts as a strong deterrent against fraudulent behavior.
	Fraudulent activities may be revealed by analyzing irregularities, patterns, and anomalies.
Prevention of Insider Threats	The implementation of an accountable and transparent culture serves as a deterrent against insider threats.
	Employees are likely to uphold ethical standards and make informed decisions when they are aware that their financial transactions and activities are closely scrutinized.
Regulatory Compliance and Due Diligence	Proactive forensic audit activities play a crucial part in ensuring compliance by enabling businesses to identify compliance issues and swiftly fixing them before being penalized with fines, legal repercussions, and reputational harm.
Safeguarding Organizational Reputation	An instance of financial impropriety can damage the reputation of the business.
	Proactive activities serve as a barrier against reputational risk by identifying and resolving irregularities before they become known to the public.
Strategic Decision-making and Operational Efficiency	The data driven methodology of proactive measures can provide Insightful data that can improve operational effectiveness and guide strategic decision-making such as identifying opportunities for process optimization and efficient resource allocation.

Where do you start?

Strong and effective governance, and efficient processes are key to ensure that the right controls are in place. It is imperative to design or regularly review the fraud risk governance framework that entails the following aspects:

- 1. An appropriate governance structure that best fits the needs of the organization
- Policies and procedures that encompasses training, awareness and incentivisation programs for compliance as well as disciplinary processes and actions for noncompliance.
- 3. A control framework that features a robust approval process, defined matrices and Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for continuous performance monitoring and the regular review of the fraud risks that are relevant to the organization.

Once a solid governance foundation has been established, organizations can take steps to implement more advanced activities such as the use of digital tools for intelligence led analysis and fraud detection.

By maintaining a proactive stance, organizations can safeguard their financial health, reputation, and future success. In a world where organizational integrity is non-negotiable, proactive measures stand as a formidable pillar of resilience and a testament to an organization's commitment to excellence.

It is therefore an imperative for business leaders to gain a better understanding of this proactive approach. Our Forensics line of service offers a wide range of proactive and reactive fraud solutions that address the needs and challenges of our clients that operate in various industries.



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